### HIGH LEVEL SUMMARY OF THE

### BELLE ISLE COMMUNITIES COASTAL ADAPTATION SURVEY

By

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Prepared 21<sup>st</sup> June 2023 With the goal of community-engaged research and equitable climate adaptation under the Belle Isle MVP project, this study was conducted. Four questions examined were:

## 1. Do community members' perceptions of flood risk and their perception of likelihood of risk vary by community?

#### FINDINGS:

- 60% of respondents have experienced flooding from flood or tides, either in East Boston, Revere or Winthrop, or somewhere else.
- Proportionally, most of the flooding experienced was in the local Winthrop area (79%), followed by East Boston (44%), then Revere (29%).
- Most respondents from the three communities indicated concern about future flooding, unable to reduce their risk no matter what they do.
- Most respondents (53%) were uncertain about the relationship between the marsh health and flooding in their communities, and of those that were certain of a relationship, 32% believed that marsh health and their flood risk were related.

#### 2. What are communities doing to adapt?

#### FINDINGS:

- When flooding occurs a diverse range of strategies are used to cope and adapt
- Proportionally, respondents from Revere and East Boston employ a wider range and combination of flooding adaptation responses including strengthening the physical structure, elevating homes or structures or moving to another home.
- The most common response across all communities was NO ACTION.
- The uptake of flood insurance was the least common response.
- Respondents from Winthrop and East Boston would like flood adaptation to be consciously mainstreamed into town governance and decision-making.

#### 3. What motivates/demotivates communities to take adaptive actions?

#### FINDINGS:

- Most respondents have lived in these communities for more than 15 years, and like living in the Belle Isle area because of their proximity to the coast (19.5%), growing up there (10.5%), its safety (10.5%), and proximity to friends and family (9%).
- Under current conditions over 75% of respondents would not move from the Belle Isle Area within the next 10 years, and of these 65% expect to experience flooding several more times within the next 10 years.
- Most respondents across communities felt that their families will be unable to cope with a major flooding event without government intervention, feel that their own efforts are insufficient, and should flooding become severe do not have the resources to move even if they wanted to.

# 4. What would communities like to see going forward as plans are made to adapt to climate change impacts in the area?

FINDINGS:

• There is the perception that development in the area is driving increased flood risks, especially to areas such as East Boston, but there is limited information being shared with

the communities (especially among immigrant communities) on how these developments might affect their climate resilience.

- Most respondents from East Boston wanted to see more emergency plans, barriers to keep out the water and less development along the coast.
- Residents from Revere indicated a desire to see greater wetland protection, safe housing, greater emergency housing during flooding and more natural spaces.
- Winthrop residents would like to see greater protection and restoration of the marsh, as well as better building codes to mitigate flooding impacts.

#### APPENDIX



















































